

COUNTRY CONTEXT AT-A-GLANCE

GDP per capita

(PPP int'l dollars)
WDI (2017)

\$2,682

Living in poverty

(Under \$1.90 int'l dollars / day)
WDI (2010)

15%

Government health spending as % of GDP¹

WHO GHED (2014)

1%

Life expectancy at birth

(Years)
WHO (2016)

70

Maternal mortality

(Per 100,000 live births)
WHO est. (2015)

258

Neonatal mortality

(Per 1,000 live births)
WHO est. (2016)

21

Premature NCD mortality²

(Probability)
WHO est. (2016)

22%

Causes of death

WHO est. (2016)



\$ FINANCING

WHO est. (2012 data)

PHC spending:

\$23



Per capita

Prioritization of PHC:

Overall health spending⁴

68% on PHC

Government health spending⁵

56% on PHC

Sources of PHC spending:

14% Government⁶

86% Other

CAPACITY

Primary Health Care Progression Model⁷

Governance



Inputs



Population Health & Facility Management



PERFORMANCE

Access Index⁸

DHS STATcompiler (2016 survey)



Quality Index⁸

SPA (2015 survey)



Service Coverage Index

2017 UHC Global Monitoring Report



EQUITY

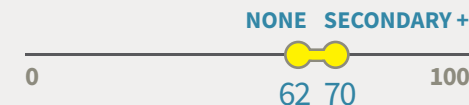
Access: % with perceived barriers due to cost, by wealth quintile

DHS STATcompiler (2016 survey)



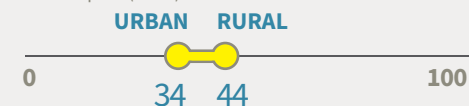
Coverage of RMNCH⁹ services, by mother's education

Health Equity Monitor (2014 data)



Outcomes: Under-five mortality¹⁰, by residence

DHS Report (2016)



Note: Indicator values presented here may differ from country data sources due to the use of standardized categories and methods to enhance international comparability. See Indicator Description Sheet for details.

1. Domestic general government health expenditure as % of gross domestic product (GDP)

2. Probability of dying between ages 30 and 70 from cardiovascular disease, cancer, diabetes, or chronic respiratory disease

3. Communicable, maternal, perinatal, and nutritional conditions

4. Current PHC expenditure as % of Current Health Expenditure (CHE)

5. Domestic general government PHC expenditure as % of domestic general government health expenditure

6. Domestic general government PHC expenditure as % of current PHC expenditure

7. The PHC Progression Model uses mixed methods to assess foundational capacities of PHC on a scale from 1 (low) to 4 (high)

8. Because different data/indicators are used in each country, composite index values may not be comparable across countries. See page 2 for the specific indicators used in this VSP.

9. The composite coverage index is a weighted score reflecting coverage of eight RMNCH interventions along the continuum of care (http://www.who.int/gho/health_equity/report_2015/en/)

10. Deaths of children before age 5, per 1,000 live births

NEPAL	SCORE	PERCENTAGE	SOURCE	YEAR
ACCESS	46			
Financial				
Perceived access barriers due to treatment costs*		55%	DHS STATcompiler	2016
Geographic				
Perceived access barriers due to distance*		53%	DHS STATcompiler	2016
QUALITY	53			
Comprehensiveness				
Avg. availability of 5 tracer RMNCH services		80%	SPA	2015
Avg. availability of services for 3 tracer communicable diseases		79%	SPA	2015
Avg. availability of diagnosis & management for 3 tracer NCDs		62%	SPA	2015
Continuity				
DTP3 dropout rate*		5%	WHO/UNICEF	2017
Treatment success rate for new TB cases		92%	WHO TB Programme	2015
Person-Centeredness				
% of caregivers who were told sick child's diagnosis		33%	SPA	2015
Provider availability				
% of family planning, ANC, and sick child visits over 10 minutes		42%	SPA	2015
Provider Competence				
Antenatal care quality score		41%	SPA	2015
Family planning quality score		26%	SPA	2015
Sick child quality score		28%	SPA	2015
Safety				
Adequate waste disposal		54%	SPA	2015
Adequate infection control		35%	SPA	2015
SERVICE COVERAGE				
Reproductive, Maternal, Newborn and Child Health				
Demand for family planning satisfied with modern methods		65%	UHC Global Monitoring Report	2017
Antenatal care coverage (4+ visits)		60%	UHC Global Monitoring Report	2017
Coverage of DTP3 immunization		91%	UHC Global Monitoring Report	2017
Care-seeking for suspected child pneumonia		50%	UHC Global Monitoring Report	2017
Infectious diseases				
Tuberculosis cases detected and treated		69%	UHC Global Monitoring Report	2017
People living with HIV receiving anti-retroviral treatment		36%	UHC Global Monitoring Report	2017
Children under 5 with diarrhea receiving ORS		37%	DHS STATcompiler	2016
Non-Communicable Diseases (NCDs)				
% of population with normal blood pressure***		70%	UHC Global Monitoring Report	2017

*These variables must be transformed by subtracting the value from 100 when calculating summary scores. **Country-specific (proxy) indicator, used in absence of globally comparable survey data. ***Age-standardized and rescaled when included in the Service Coverage Index (see detailed indicator descriptions). Note: Summary scores for the domains of Access, Quality, and Coverage are calculated by taking the average of indicator values within each subdomain, and then taking the average across subdomain scores.