

## COUNTRY CONTEXT AT-A-GLANCE



### \$ FINANCING

WHO est. (2015 data)

#### PHC spending:



#### Prioritization of PHC:

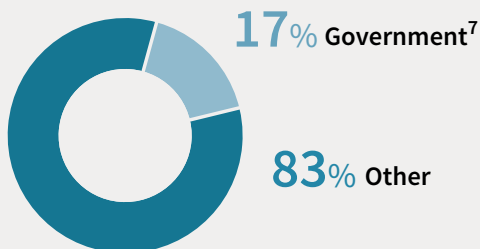
Overall health spending<sup>5</sup>



Government health spending<sup>6</sup>



#### Sources of PHC spending:



### CAPACITY

Primary Health Care Progression Model<sup>8</sup>

#### Governance



#### Inputs



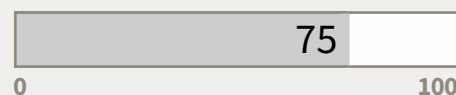
#### Population Health & Facility Management



### PERFORMANCE

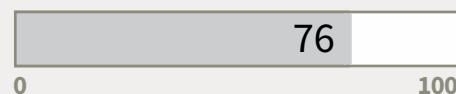
#### Access Index<sup>9</sup>

LSMS (2014 survey)



#### Quality Index<sup>9</sup>

SARA (2016 survey) and Étude QoC (2016 survey)



#### Service Coverage Index

2017 UHC Global Monitoring Report



### EQUITY

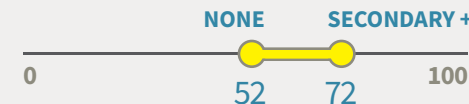
#### Access: % with perceived barriers due to cost, by wealth quintile

DHS STATcompiler (2010 survey)



#### Coverage of RMNCH<sup>10</sup> services, by mother's education

Health Equity Monitor (2010 data)



#### Outcomes: Under-five mortality<sup>11</sup>, by residence

Health Equity Monitor (2010 data)



1. Domestic general government health expenditure as % of gross domestic product (GDP)  
 2. Values may differ from country data sources due to use of standardized categories & methods to enhance international comparability.  
 Burkina Faso government estimates are: maternal mortality 330, neonatal mortality 23 (EMDS, 2015).  
 3. Probability of dying between ages 30 and 70 from cardiovascular disease, cancer, diabetes, or chronic respiratory disease  
 4. Communicable, maternal, perinatal, and nutritional conditions  
 5. Current PHC expenditure as % of Current Health Expenditure (CHE)  
 6. Domestic general government PHC expenditure as % of domestic general government health expenditure

7. Domestic general government PHC expenditure as % of current PHC expenditure  
 8. The PHC Progression Model uses mixed methods to assess foundational capacities of PHC on a scale from 1 (low) to 4 (high)  
 9. Because different data/indicators are used in each country, composite index values may not be comparable across countries. See page 2 for the specific indicators used in this VSP.  
 10. The composite coverage index is a weighted score reflecting coverage of eight RMNCH interventions along the continuum of care ([http://www.who.int/gho/health\\_equity/report\\_2015/en/](http://www.who.int/gho/health_equity/report_2015/en/))  
 11. Deaths of children before age 5, per 1,000 live births

<b>BURKINA FASO</b>	<b>SCORE</b>	<b>PERCENTAGE</b>	<b>SOURCE</b>	<b>YEAR</b>
<b>ACCESS</b>	75			
<b>Financial</b>				
<i>No recent indicator available from international or national data sources</i>				
<b>Geographic</b>				
Population living within 5 km. of a health facility		75%		LSMS 2014
<b>QUALITY</b>	76			
<b>Comprehensiveness</b>				
Avg. availability of 5 tracer RMNCH services		90%		SARA 2016
Avg. availability of services for 3 tracer communicable diseases		93%		SARA 2016
Avg. availability of diagnosis & management for 3 tracer NCDs		84%		SARA 2016
<b>Continuity</b>				
DTP3 dropout rate*		4%		WHO/UNICEF 2017
Treatment success rate for new TB cases		78%		WHO TB Programme 2015
<b>Person-Centeredness</b>				
<i>No recent indicator available from international or national data sources</i>				
<b>Provider availability</b>				
<i>No recent indicator available from international or national data sources</i>				
<b>Provider Competence</b>				
Quality index**		54%		SARA/Étude QoC 2016
<b>Safety</b>				
Adequate waste disposal		71%		SARA 2016
Adequate infection control		79%		SARA 2016
<b>SERVICE COVERAGE</b>	46			
<b>Reproductive, Maternal, Newborn and Child Health</b>				
Demand for family planning satisfied with modern methods		43%		UHC Global Monitoring Report 2017
Antenatal care coverage (4+ visits)		34%		UHC Global Monitoring Report 2017
Coverage of DTP3 immunization		91%		UHC Global Monitoring Report 2017
Care-seeking for suspected child pneumonia		56%		UHC Global Monitoring Report 2017
<b>Infectious diseases</b>				
Tuberculosis cases detected and treated with success		49%		UHC Global Monitoring Report 2017
People living with HIV receiving anti-retroviral treatment		55%		UHC Global Monitoring Report 2017
Use of insecticide-treated nets (ITN) for malaria prevention		62%		UHC Global Monitoring Report 2017
Children under 5 with diarrhea receiving ORS		21%		DHS STATcompiler 2010
<b>Non-Communicable Diseases (NCDs)</b>				
% of population with normal blood pressure***		68%		UHC Global Monitoring Report 2017

\*These variables must be transformed by subtracting the value from 100 when calculating summary scores. \*\*Country-specific (proxy) indicator, used in absence of globally comparable survey data. \*\*\*Age-standardized and rescaled when included in the Service Coverage score (see detailed indicator descriptions). Note: Summary scores for the domains of Access, Quality, and Coverage are calculated by taking the average of indicator values within each subdomain, and then taking the average across subdomain scores.